

Study Guide for UNIT 6: Rise of Modern Monarchies: Charles I/V and Philip II

I have prepared this study guide to help you learn the objectives you have to accomplish and master by the end of the unit.

There is a study guide for every lesson of the unit in which you are going to find these objectives so as you know what you are going to be asked in the final test. By the end of the unit you must know and master all the objectives.

The study guide breaks the objectives into small assignments or tasks to help you accomplish them.

The final test will include different questions related to each of the objectives.

After correcting the assignments of every lesson you are responsible to study the concepts using the textbook, the assignments done and every other source given by the teacher. If you find something you don't understand or something you don't know how to do it you must ask the teacher so as you accomplish and master the objectives of the unit before the final test.

I'm sure than if you work regularly, do every day's assignments and ask every time you don't understand something you will get the best marks by the end of the term.

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- Lesson 1. Charles I/V's Personal Background and Inheritance
- Lesson 2. The Hispanic Empire: Domestic Policy
- Lesson 3. The Hispanic Empire: Foreign Policy
- Lesson 4. Charles V's Abdication
- Lesson 5. Philip II's personal background and inheritance.
- Lesson 6. The Hispanic Monarchy: Domestic Policy
- Lesson 7. The Hispanic Monarchy: Foreign Policy
- Lesson 8. Philip II's death and succession

Key Idea: The Early Modern Age saw the rise of strong and powerful authoritarian monarchies. The most important of all was the Hispanic Empire/Monarchy. It started with the amazing inheritance Charles I/V received from his grandparents and strengthened and expanded under his son Philip II. It was the empire in which the sun always shined.

These are the **OBJECTIVES** that you are responsible for accomplishing and mastering:

Lesson 1. Charles I/V's Personal Background and inheritance

1. Analyze Charles I/V family tree identifying his parents, his paternal and maternal grandparents and the different events that ended with him receiving the titles and territories.
2. Locate on a map the territories inherited by Charles I/V identifying which of them came from his paternal branch and which from his maternal branch.
3. Understand that Charles did not inherit the Holy Roman Empire but the candidature to be its new emperor.

Lesson 2. The Hispanic Empire: Domestic Policy

1. Understand the meaning of the expression "Hispanic Empire" and what the territories in which Charles V ruled received that name.

2. Analyze why Charles is named Charles I when we talk about the issues of the Spanish territories and Charles V when the issues concern the Empire.
3. Understand the main objective of Charles I's domestic policy: build a huge empire uniting the subjects on common grounds.
4. Identify the main issues of Charles I's domestic policy: the Revolt of the Comuneros, the Germanías, the access to the title of Emperor, the Lutheran's revolt and the colonization of America.
5. Understand the causes that led to the Revolt of the Comuneros in Castile, its development and its end.
6. Reflect about the consequences of the failure of the Revolt of the Comuneros analyzing the loss of power among the bourgeoisie represented in the Cortes that led to a strengthening of the authoritarian government in Castile.
7. Understand how Charles obtained the crown of emperor of the Holy Roman Empire and how it was organized.
8. Analyze and describe the Lutheran's revolt that took place in the Holy Roman Empire: causes, Charles' decisions and actions, end (Peace of Augsburg).
9. Describe how the government of America was organized.

Lesson 3. The Hispanic Empire: Foreign Policy

1. Identify Charles V's main objective in foreign policy: to build a strong empire united by Catholicism, strengthen and expand it.
2. Name the most important enemies of Charles V: France; the Ottoman Turks.
3. Explain the rivalry with France and its consequences.
4. Explain the rivalry with the Ottoman Turks and its consequences.

Lesson 5. Charles I/V's Abdication

1. Understand the concept of abdication and the reasons that explain that Emperor Charles left the Hispanic possessions to his son Philip and the Holy Roman Empire to his brother Ferdinand.

Lesson 6. Philip II's personal background and inheritance

1. Identify the territories Philip II received from his parent Charles I/V.
2. Understand the concept of Hispanic Monarchy: more territories than his father the emperor but only the title of monarch.
3. Locate the territories that Philip II's monarchy comprised.

Lesson 7. The Hispanic Monarchy: Domestic Policy

1. Analyze the political organization of the Hispanic Monarchy.
2. Identify the main problems Philip II's had to face: Revolt of the Low Countries; acquisition of Portugal.
3. Describe the Revolt in the Low Countries: causes, development, consequences.
4. Describe how the kingdom of Portugal was annexed to the Hispanic Monarchy.
5. Analyze and describe social organization in America.
6. Understand the economic situation of the Hispanic Monarchy and how inflation spread throughout Europe.

Lesson 8. The Hispanic Monarchy: Foreign Policy

1. Identify the problems Philip II had to face in foreign policy: France, the Ottoman Turks, England
2. Understand how the French problem stopped due to the French Wars of Religion.
3. Understand the consequences of the Battle of Lepanto and the Turks defeat.
4. Describe the actions developed by Philip II, first as a prince and later as a king, to try to strengthen Catholicism in England and annex it to the Monarchy.

Lesson 9. Philip II's death and succession

1. Identify Philip III as Philip II's successor.

These are the **ASSIGNMENTS** or tasks you have to complete to accomplish the objectives:

Questions

1. In chronological order list the Monarchs that ruled over the Hispanic Empire/Monarchy from the 2nd half of the 15th century to the end of the 17th century.
2. List the territories Charles I/V identifying from which of his grandparents he received them.
3. Which were the main domestic issues Charles I had to confront during his rule?
4. How was Charles V named emperor of the Holy Roman Empire?
5. Explain the Revolt of the Comuneros: who the Comuneros were, causes of the Revolt, development, end...
6. Name the consequences of the Revolt of the Comuneros. Decide which were positive and which were negative consequences and explain your decision.
7. Explain the Lutheran's Revolt: causes, sides, development, consequences...
8. How was Hispanic America organized? Identify the institutions that were in charge of its control and government.
9. Explain the rivalry between Charles V and France and its consequences.
10. Explain the problems with the Ottoman Turks and its consequences.
11. When Charles I/V abdicated, who inherited his territories and why?
12. In your opinion, was Charles' abdication a good decision? Why or why not?

13. Which territories did Philip II received after his father Charles I/V's abdication and which did he not receive?
14. What are the differences between the "Hispanic Empire" and the "Hispanic Monarchy"?
15. Which is the main difference in the way of governing between Philip II and Charles I?
16. How was the Hispanic Monarchy organized and governed?
17. Describe the Revolt of the Low Countries: causes, sides, measures taken, development...
18. How did Philip II solve the Revolt of the Low Countries? Was it a temporal or permanent solution? Why or why not?
19. Why did Philip II have rights to the throne of Portugal?
20. Describe how the Kingdom of Portugal was annexed to the Hispanic Monarchy.
21. What is inflation? What responsibility did Spain has on its spread throughout Europe?
22. What is bankruptcy? Why did Philip II declare it in the Hispanic Monarchy?
23. Describe briefly the Hispanic Monarchy's foreign policy problems and how they were solved.
24. Who succeeded Philip II after his death?

Tasks

25. On a map of Europe locate the territories inherited by Charles I/V after his grandparents' death. Use different colours to identify the territories that correspond to each of Charles' grandparents. Don't forget to include a key.

26. On a map of the world locate the territories under the rule of Charles I/V (inherited, conquered, discovered...)
27. Draw Charles I/V's family tree. Start with his paternal grandparents and finish in his children.
28. On a map of the world locate the territories under the rule of Philip II (inherited, conquered, discovered, annexed...). Don't forget to include a key.
29. Complete Charles I/V's family tree. Adding Philip II's children.

Vocabulary

Hispanic Empire; Comuneros; Holy Roman Empire; Lutherans; Revolt of the Comuneros; Lutheran's Revolt; Viceroyalty; abdication

Hispanic Monarchy; Low Countries; Revolt of the Low Countries; mestizos; mulatos; inflation; bankruptcy; Spanish Armada; Battle of Lepanto